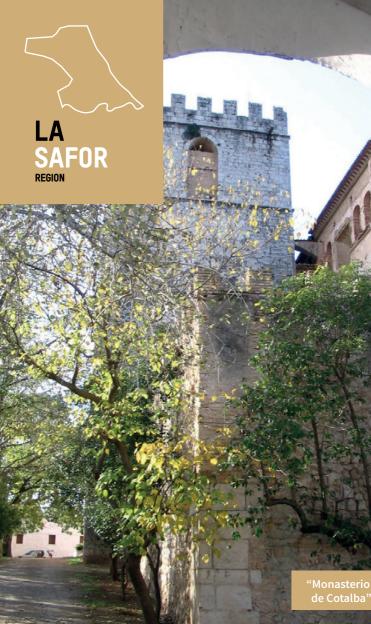
regions of the province of Valencia

LA SAFOR REGION









The region of **La Safor** is an attractive territory that offers visitors a combination of coastal landscapes and a mountainous inland area.

he high mountain ranges of Mustalla. Safor, Agulles and Grossa form a natural enclosure of rich vegetation, while the flat coastline area encompasses orchards and vegetable gardens, broad welcoming beaches and a high-density urban centre. The towns and villages in the region are close together and the multiple relations between them mean that La Safor can be considered an urban whole, like a disperse city, surrounded by green areas, devoted for the most part to orange-growing. Mountain peaks just a short distance from the sea and fields of orange trees hidden amongst the mountainsides are some of the elements in the landscape of La Safor, which has plenty to offer at any time of the year.

La Safor

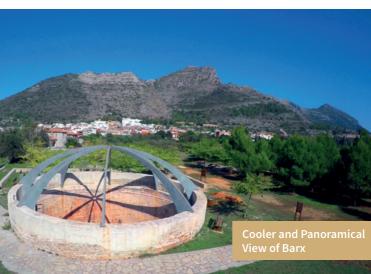
Gandia, a ducal city and capital of the region, grew up between the River Serpis and the San Nicolás ravine, on an ancient Iberian settlement. The 15th century was its moment of greatest splendour. The University was created in the 16th century to consolidate the brilliant culture that the courtly life of Gandia had generated with illustrious names in the Arts: Ausias March, Joanot Martorell and Joan Roís de Corella.

de Sant Jeroni - Alfauir

The city regained its splendour in the 20th century thanks to the growing and export of citrus fruits and tourism. Its urban centre retains the heritage it inherited from that golden age, in buildings such as: the Ducal Palace, the Gothic-style Collegiate Church of Santa María (*Colegiata de Santa María*), declared a National Historic-Artistic Monument, Saint Mark's Hospital (*Hospital de Sant Marc*), dating from the late 14th century, the Convent of Saint Clare (*Convento de Santa Clara*), the Shrines of *Santa Clara* and *Santa Ana*, and the Town Hall (18th century). The Ducal Palace is the city's emblematic monument, and has recently been restored.

From the historic centre we move to the coast, where the charm of its extensive, beautiful beaches, awarded the Blue Flag for quality and numerous other quality certifications, accompanied by a very mild climate, provides enjoyment all year round.

Just a few kilometres away is **Oliva**, which has preserved its historic old town with the original urban layout of the flourishing medieval period. You can stroll around the old *Vila Cristiana* (Christian Town), taking in its churches, stately





homes, old portals and museums. We can climb up to the old Moorish district of Raval, which still has its typical steep, narrow streets carved out of the stone.

Impregnated with the history of the peoples and cultures that have passed through it, it never fails to surprise and captivate the lucky visitors that stop to explore it.

The dunes of **Oliva**, with their delightful native fauna and flora, are a delicate link between the fertile orange groves, the Mediterranean-style houses and the impeccable beaches of golden sand.

In the nearby towns of **Piles, Bellreguard, Miramar, Guardamar de la Safor** and **Daimús,** visitors can enjoy beaches of fine sand and tepid, tranquil waters, with a wide variety of gastronomy on offer. Piles also has a 16th-century Watchtower (*Torre Vigía*) that can be visited

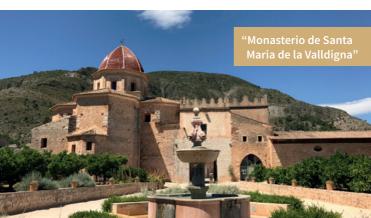
The town of **Tavernes de la Valldigna** is overlooked by the *Alto de Les Creus*. Tavernes combines the charms of a mountain town (with springs like *El Clot de La Font*, viewpoints like *L'Alt de Les*

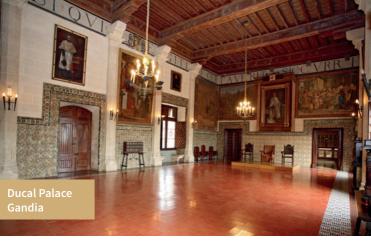
Creus, shrines and charming valleys) with the attractions of the Mediterranean coast, comprising two beaches: Tavernes and La Goleta.

Just a few kilometres away is the town of **Xeraco**, which opens out onto the Mediterranean with a fine sandy beach almost 4km long, very close to the town, and both quiet and welcoming. The region's inland area has interesting towns for visitors to enjoy, like **Villalonga**, with beauty spots such as the *Barranc de l'Infern*, *el Racó del Duc*, *la Vall de la Canaleta* and the *Circ de La Safor* (a fantastic semicircle formed by cliffs, with a height of 1011 metres) and **Ador**, the "balcony" overlooking La Safor.

Alfauir, where we can find the 14th-century Convent of Sant Jeroni de Cotalba. Barx, with beauty spots like Les Foietes and La Drova, the Montdúver peak and the Cave of el Parpalló. In Simat de la Valldigna, we can visit the Monastery of Santa María de la Valldigna (founded in 1298) and the shrines of Santa Ana and La Xara (a former mosque).

The Castles Route (*La Ruta dels Castells*) gives us the chance to visit the region by visiting the castles of Bairén, Vilella, Palma, de la Reina Mora, el Rebollet, L'Alfándech, Villalonga, Borró and el Castellar. Another enticing option is a visit to the Water Route (*Ruta del L'Aigua*), which offers us a retrospective of the irrigation system, based on the Arab system and still used in the region, interpreting the process through its infrastructures,





like Casa Clara (16th century) and the water mills, which can still be seen in towns and villages like Potríes, Beniarjó, Beniflá, Rafelcofer, L'Alqueria de la Comtessa, Villalonga and Oliva, amongst others.

Also worthy of note, on the environmental front, are the ecotourism routes of La Valldigna (Barx, Tavernes, Simat and Benifairó) and La Vall de Vernisa route (Lloc-Nou de Sant Jeroni, Castellonet de la Conquesta, Almiserà, Ròtova, Palma de Gandia and Alfauir), not to mention the Ruta Entre Semill i Borrò, in the Gandia marsh, or the Route of the Old Alcoi Railway (Trazado del Antiguo Ferrocarril de Alcoi), between Villalonga and l'Orxa, which may be of interest to nature-lovers.

GASTRONOMY_

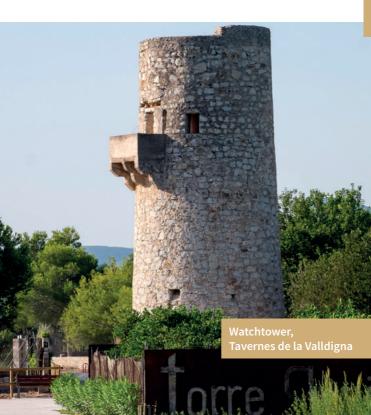
Gandia offers us the opportunity to taste its famous Fideuà de Gandia, made with noodles cooked with prawn stock, prawns and monkfish, all prepared in a paella pan. Its agricultural tradition is plain to see in the weekly Friday market, where farmers come to sell their products. As on the rest of the coast, the predominant dish is paella, a wide range of rice dishes and tasty fish recipes. The following are typical dishes: "les coques a la calfó" (fish and vegetables in a corn bread wrap), "les pebreres farcides" (stuffed red peppers), "els figatells" (cold pork patties), "la gamba amb

bleda" (prawns with chard) and the exquisite "coques de dacsa" (filled corn bread) and "pastissos" (cakes).

FESTIVALS_

From the *Porrat de Sant Antoni* (an open-air pilgrimage and market) to the *Ball de la Bandera* (a traditional dance) in *Beniarjó*, in April, taking in the festivals in honour of the *Verge dels Desemparats* (the Virgin of the Disadvantaged), held in May in Real de **Gandia**, or the *Fogueres de Sant Joan* (Bonfires of St John) in June throughout the region, La Safor has an endless array of festivals.

Los Porrats are pilgrimages traditionally celebrated by the





people of La Safor to venerate a saint, and which became regional festivals with markets selling nuts and toys, etc.

These festivals are currently being revived, as they provide a very interesting alternative offer of leisure and culture. Los Porrats currently held are: in winter, Sant Antoni (January) in Oliva and Benirredrá; in February, Sant Blai in Potríes and Sant Macià in Ròtova. In the summer, Sant Llorenç and Crist de la Sang in Tavernes de la Valldigna, Santa Anna in Simat de la Valldigna and Sants de la Pedra in L'Alqueria de la Comtessa.

Also worthy of note are the Moors and Christians Festival (Fiestas de Moros y Cristianos), on the third weekend in July and the Mare de Déu del Rebollet Patron Saint Festivals (8 September) in Oliva and, of course, the Gandia Festival and Fair in honour of Sant Francesc de Borja, at the end of September and beginning of October.

Gandia, Oliva, Tavernes de la Valldigna, L'Alquería de la Comtessa and Xeraco celebrate their *Fallas* festivals in March. And, finally, Holy Week in **Gandia** is categorised as being of Tourist Interest.

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